

"Applying Architecture Modeling Methodology to Enterprise Software Domains"

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About Dr. Rivera

- President of Rivera Group
- Specialization: Enterprise Software Development, Research & Development, Business Process Reengineering (BPR)
- R&D Projects: Modeling & Simulation, Natural Language Processing (NLP) of Open Source data for the Intelligence Community



SBA 8(a) Small Disadvantaged Business



Service-DisabledVeteran Owned SmallBusiness



HubZone Certified Minority-Owned Business



Journal Publications

- Rivera, J., Auguston, M., Finkbine, R. (2011) Modeling Methodology for Validation and Verification of System Architecture Designs, 23rd Annual Systems & Software Technology Conference (SSTC 2011), Salt Lake City, Utah.
- Rivera, J. (2010). Applying Architecture Modeling Methodology to the Naval Gunship Software Safety Domain. ACM/IEEE 13th International Conference on Model Driven Engineering Language and Systems. Oslo, Norway.
- Rivera, J., & Luqi. (2010). Requirements Framework for the Software System Safety Technical Review Panel Technical Review Package. Monterey, CA: Naval Gunnery Project Office PEO WS3C.
- Rivera, J., Luqi, and Berzins, V. (2009) Effective Programmatic Software Safety Strategy for US Navy Gun System Acquisition Programs, 6th Annual Acquisition Research Symposium of the Naval Postgraduate School:, Vol. 2, Monterey, CA.



Predict System Failures <u>Before</u> You Build

Question: "I have a great idea, but what happens if I change my system architecture?"



Eagle6 is a modeling and simulation tool that is capable of predicting system behavior.

Ensure Changes to System
Architecture Do Not Cause
Unintended System Behavior

Validates Architectural Designs
That Mix Legacy Systems and New
Technologies

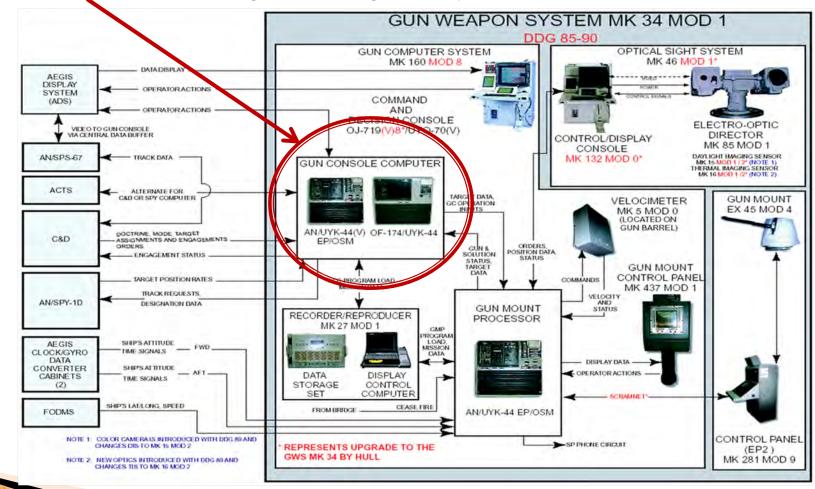
Evaluates Business Process
Reengineering Designs (Lean Six Sigma)





System of System Dependencies

Problem: What could happen if I upgrade/change this system?





Coming Up: How we solve this problem...

Problem Statement

"System Architecture Designs May Contain Unintended and/or Unknown System Behavior."



Issues with Requirements

Typical difficulties

- Users initial concept of system is nebulous
- Users description of system is incomplete and inconsistent
- Users (usually) don't understand what they really need
- Interpreting users description of problem is error-prone
- Perception of system changes during analysis, requires reworking
- Different users will view the system differently

Question: How do we know if the system architecture represents all system

requirements?

Answer: Model Checking



Produce Better Software

- Major goal of software engineers
 - Develop reliable systems
- Formal Methods
 - Mathematical languages, techniques and tools
 - Used to specify and verify systems
 - Goal: Help engineers construct more reliable systems
- A mean to examine the entire state space of a design (whether hardware or software)
 - Establish a correctness or safety property that is true for all possible inputs



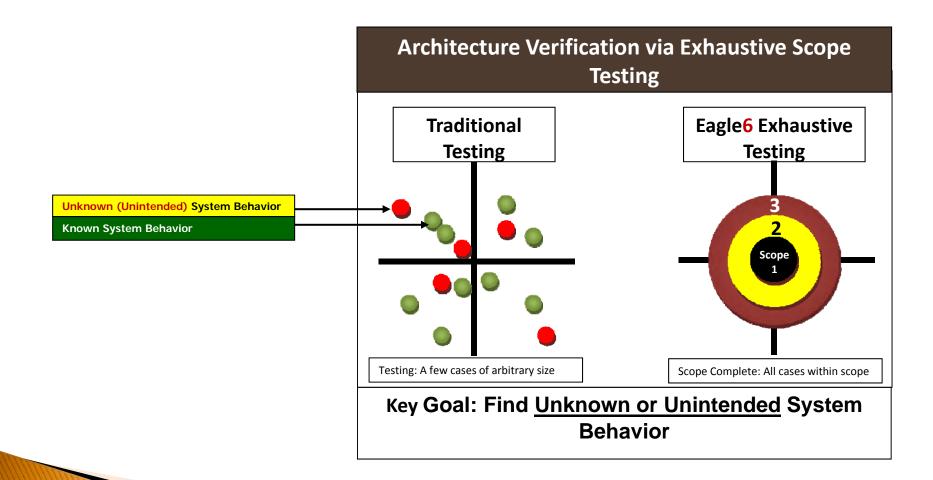
Problems with Formal Methods

- Past years of the formal methods
 - Obscure notation
 - Non-scalable techniques
 - Inadequate tool support
 - Hard to use tools
 - Very few case studies
 - Not convincing for practitioners
- Bottom Line: It's not easy.





Unknown System Behavior





Model Checking

Pros

- Great for system safety testing.
 - Medical Systems
 - Weapon Systems
- Great for finding unknown system behavior and/or architectural design flaws (assertion checking)

Cons

- Modeling languages are very complex and require domain expertise
- Models require a very long time to develop
- Modifying models is not easy, making reuse very difficult



Test Using One Model

Requirements Testing

Conformance Testing

Functional Testing

Integration Testing

Black Box Testing

Performance Testing

Regression Testing

System Testing

Unit Testing

Eagle6 Model Using a single model allows for system constraints to remain resident throughout all stages of the system lifecycle.



Summary of Formal Methods

- Formal methods can be applied at various points through the development process
 - Specification
 - Verification
- Specification: Give a description of the system to be developed, and its properties
- Verification: Prove or disprove the correctness of a system with respect to the formal specification or property

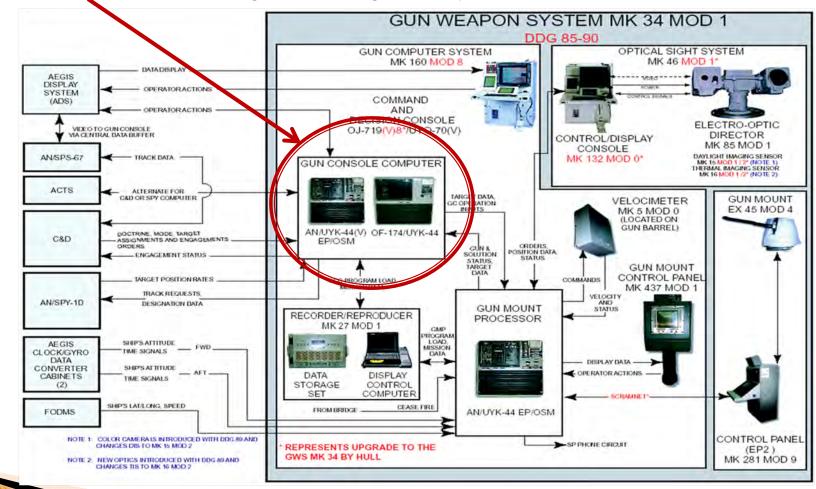


Eagle6 Demonstration (www.Eagle6.com)



Old SoS Problem, New Solution

Problem: What could happen if I upgrade/change this system?





Answer: Model the solution and test, test, test!

Reminder: Test Using One Model

Requirements Testing

Conformance Testing

Functional Testing

Integration Testing

Black Box Testing

Performance Testing

Regression Testing

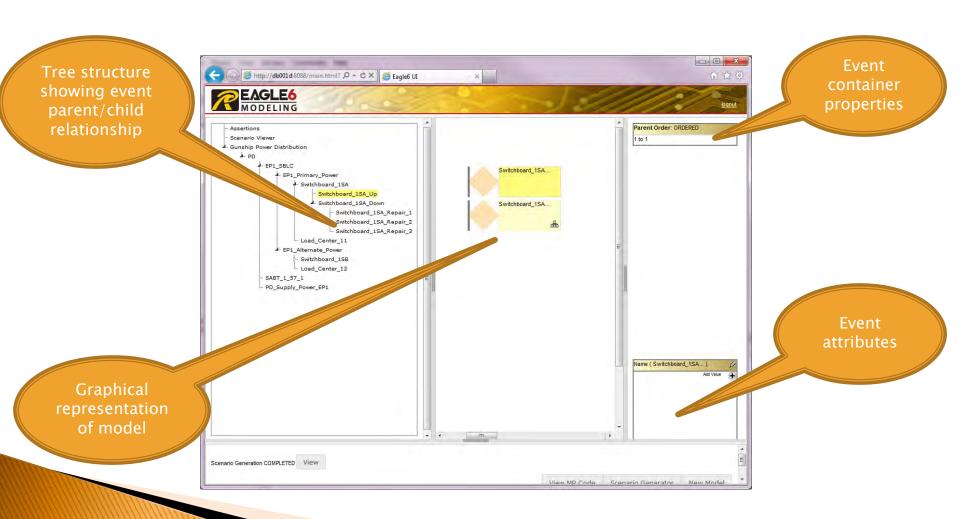
System Testing

Unit Testing

Eagle6 Model Using a single model allows for system constraints to remain resident throughout all stages of the system lifecycle.

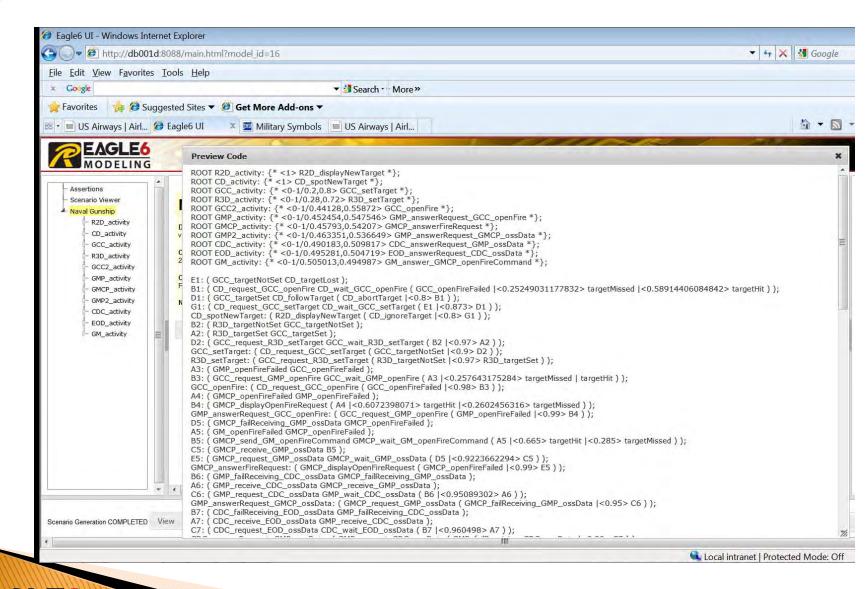


Model the Enterprise Without a Single Line of Code



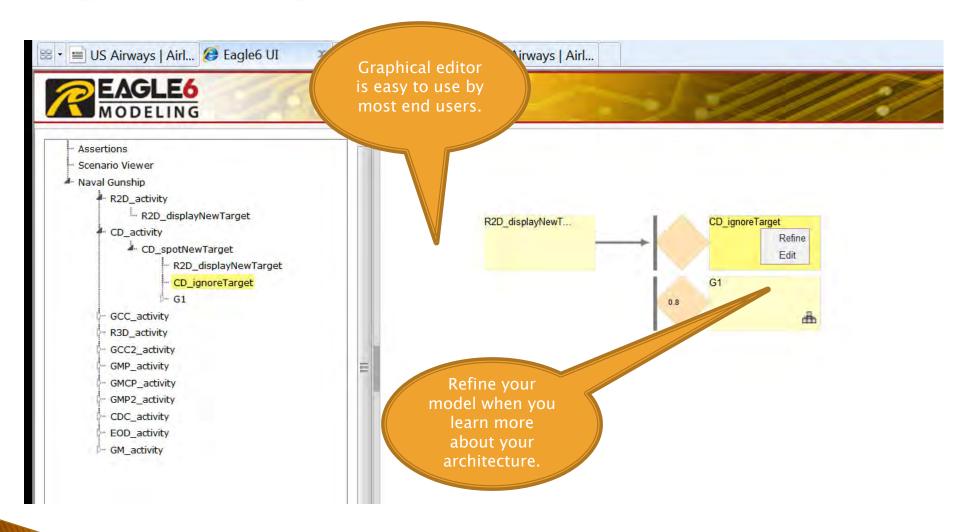


Eagle6 Model in Text Form





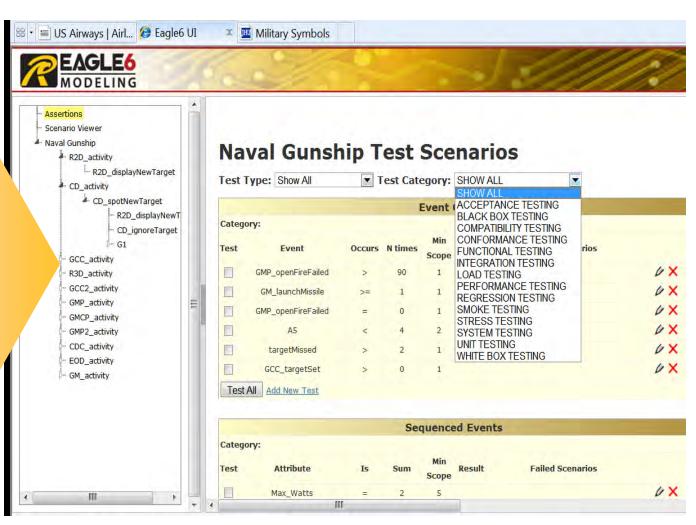
Eagle6 Graphical Editor





Test SoS Assertions





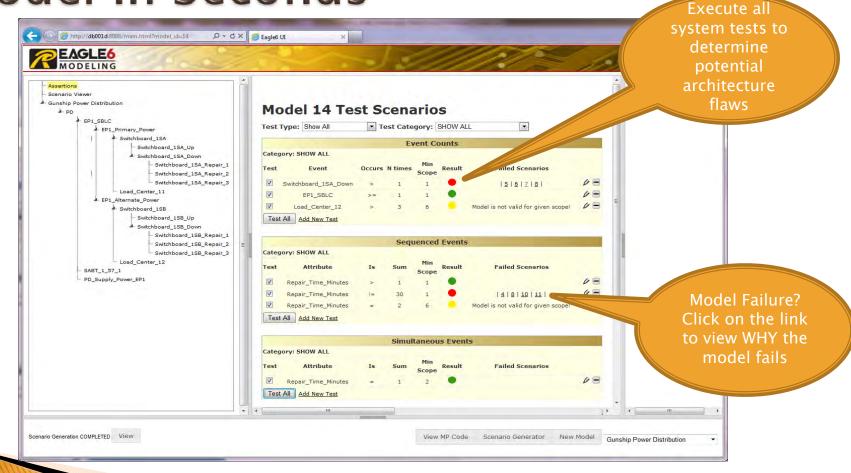


Key: Tests via Queries

- 1)Event Count Check for the existence of a specific system state
- 2)Sequence of Events can a series of events happen?
- 3)Simultaneous Events Can a combination of events happen?

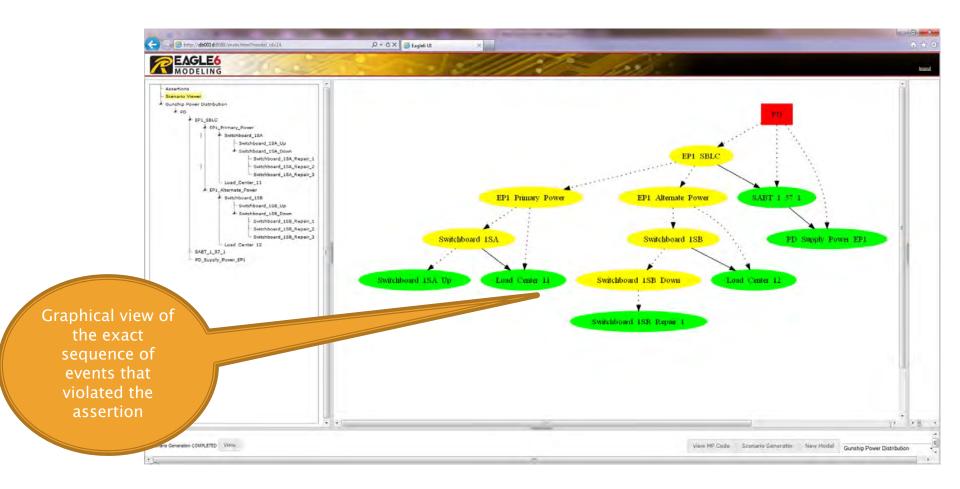


Run All System Tests with One Model in Seconds





Scenario Viewer





Eagle6 Summary

- 1. Modeling and Simulation software tool that is used to dynamically model any type of complex enterprise system to identify **risks** in system architecture.
- 2. Checks all possible system states within the model scope.
- 3. Capable of executing all types of system tests within a single model.
- 4. Modeling interface that allows a user to write models without having to learn a modeling language (tool is designed for the average user)





Questions?

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